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DATE MAILED: 04/19/2002

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/098,204	06/16/1998	HOWARD R. UDELL	200.1099	3784
23280 7:	590 04/19/2002			
DAVIDSON, DAVIDSON & KAPPEL, LLC			EXAMINER	
485 SEVENTH AVENUE, 14TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10018		VU, THONG H		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2152	Δ X

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u></u>					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Advisory Action	09/098,204	UDELL ET AL.			
	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Thong H Vu	2152			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address			
THE REPLY FILED 05 April 2002 FAILS TO PLACE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required t final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Application (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114	to avoid abandonment of the r: (1) a timely filed amendn opeal (with appeal fee); or (nis application. A proper reply to a nent which places the application in			
PERIOD FOR	REPLY [check either a) or	b)]			
a) The period for reply expires 3_months from the mailing da b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire late ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY W 706.07(f).	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set er than SIX MONTHS from the mai	ling date of the final rejection.			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of et 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the short (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	xtension and the corresponding am ened statutory period for reply origir	ount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under nally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in			
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on <u>05 April 2002</u> . Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal.					
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because:					
(a) ☐ they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);					
(b) ☐ they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below);					
(c) ☐ they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or					
(d) ☐ they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE:					
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):					
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) wo canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	ould be allowable if submitte	ed in a separate, timely filed amendment			
5. The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: see attache.					
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	because it is not directed §	SOLELY to issues which were newly			
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) will not be entered or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.					
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:					
Claim(s) allowed: <i>None</i> .					
Claim(s) objected to: <i>None</i> .					
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-10,13-15 and 17-47</u> .					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:					
8. The proposed drawing correction filed on is a) approved or b) disapproved by the Examiner.					
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)					
10. Other:					
		SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER			
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office		TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100			

PTO-303 (Rev. 04-01)

Art Unit: 2152

I. The Hasen-Beck Combination:

- 1. As per claims 1-10,13-15 and 17 –47 applicant argues the prior art deos not teach the e-mail message, embedded function, automatically deleting a document. Examiner notes the prior art discloses: Enhancing documents with embedded program [Hansen title, page 25 col 2, page 27 col 2, page 28 col 2] multi media mail [Hansen page 23 col 2] such as birthday card embedded a visible cake [Hansen page 30 col 2] automatically delete a file such as by executing a program which cause delete a file or virus attacks [Hansen page 28 col 2]. It is clearly the prior art taught a method using Electronic message with embedded execute program which cause delete a file or virus attacks.
- 2. As per claims 18-43 applicant argues the prior art does not teach the encryption element, creating a virtual container, extracting a digital object, transmitting a destructible document. Examiner notes the prior art taught encryption element such as C code [Hansen page 26 col 2]; creating a virtual container such as the visible cake [Hansen page 30 col 2]; extracting a digital object such as the visible cake inset is extended so mouse clicks on it can be intercepted or extracted the song text [Hansen page 30 col 2].
- 3. Applicant argues the prior art does not teach creating a script to delete a file. Examiner notes the prior art taught when I execute a program written by someone else it may do anything as I myself do, in particular, delete a file [Hansen page 28 col 2]. It is obvious the program such as visible cake could delete a file, a song text or the whole email as well as activate the virus in embedded object.

4. As per claims 6,17 applicant argues the prior art does not teach deleting script or executable file. Examiner notes the prior art taught the a program when execut may delet a file [Hansen page 28]; a predetermined condition is selected such as the condition of a visible cake.

II. The Drake-Norin Combination:

5. As per claims 1-10,13-15 and 17-47 applicant argues the prior art does not teach the code/program cause destruction. Examiner notes the prior art taught the self-destruction code/program such as virues, Trojan horse.

As per claims 6,17 applicant argues the prior art does not teach the code/program cause destruction. Examiner notes the prior art taught the self-destruction code/program such as virues, Trojan horse.

6. As per claims 20-43, applicant argues the prior art does not teach creating a virtual container with header portion, a digital object portion, extracting a digital object portion. Examiner notes the prior art taught the virtual container such as applicator [Drake Fig 6] with header [Drake Fig 7,9,10] with digital object portion or code encrypted [Drake Fig 9,10]

Thus, as explained above, the system and method of claims 1-10,13-15,17-47 is obvious in view of the prior art.

Therefore the rejection is sustained.